

Start Here

Scan One Time Only

And

Copy for Multiple Numbers

WA-I-358A

AND

WA-I-358B

Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Number: WA-I-358-A

Name: POFFENBERGER RD. OVER ANTIETAM CRIC (W4011)

The bridge referenced herein was inventoried by the Maryland State Highway Administration as part of the Historic Bridge Inventory, and SHA provided the Trust with eligibility determinations in February 2001. The Trust accepted the Historic Bridge Inventory on April 3, 2001. The bridged received the following determination of eligibly.

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST	
Eligibility Recommended <u> X </u>	Eligibility Not Recommended <u> </u>
Criteria: <u> A </u> <u> B </u> <u> C </u> <u> D </u>	Considerations: <u> A </u> <u> B </u> <u> C </u> <u> D </u> <u> E </u> <u> F </u> <u> G </u> <u>None</u>
Comments: _____	

Reviewer, OPS: <u> Anne E. Bruder </u>	Date: <u> 3 April 2001 </u>
Reviewer, NR Program: <u> Peter E. Kurtze </u>	Date: <u> 3 April 2001 </u>

Emel

**Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties
Historic Bridge Inventory
Maryland State Highway Administration
Maryland Historical Trust**

MHT No. WA-I-358-A

Name and SHA No. *Claggett's Mill Race Bridge (W4011)*

Location:

Street/Road Name and Number: *Poffenberger Road over Antietam Creek*

City/Town: Funkstown x vicinity

County: Washington

Ownership: State ☒ County Municipal Other

This bridge projects over: Road Railway x Water Land

Is the bridge located within a designated district: yes x no

 NR listed district NR determined eligible district

☐ locally designated ☐ other

Name of District _____

Bridge Type:

Timber Bridge

Beam Bridge Truss-Covered Trestle Timber-and-Concrete

x Stone Arch

Metal Truss Bridge

Movable Bridge

Swing Bascule Single Leaf Bascule Multiple Leaf

Vertical Lift Retractable Pontoon

Metal Girder

Rolled Girder Rolled Girder Concrete Encased

Plate Girder Plate Girder Concrete Encased

Metal Suspension

Metal Arch

Metal Cantilever

Concrete

Concrete Arch Concrete Slab Concrete Beam Rigid Frame

Other Type Name _____

Description:**Describe Setting:**

Claggett's Mill Race Bridge is situated directly to the west of Claggett's Mill Bridge, along Poffenberger Road just southwest of Funkstown. While the mill bridge crosses Antietam Creek, the mill race bridge spans the artificially created mill race associated with the former Claggett's Mill, which was once located south of the two bridges on the west bank of the creek (Maryland archaeological site 18-WA-322). Poffenberger Road runs in an east-west direction while Antietam Creek and the mill race flow generally northeast-southwest. The mill race is diverted from the creek just behind the remains of a mill dam located immediately upstream, and rejoins the creek several hundred feet south of the bridges. To the north and west of the two bridges lies "Valentia," the estate of the Claggett family, now listed on the National Register of Historic Places. This complex includes a large stone farmhouse, a small stone tenant house, a stone Miller's house, a large stone gabled-roof barn, and a stone spring house (Maryland Historical Trust site WA-I-231).

Describe Superstructure and Substructure:

(Discuss points identified in Context Addendum, Section C)

This single-span stone arch bridge is constructed of roughly coursed local fieldstone. It measures 53 feet in total length, with the arch 20 feet in width. The roadway is 16 feet, 8 inches wide, and carries a single lane of traffic. The arch is lined with carefully cut voussoirs, with the bridge walls rising to a distinct apex over the top of the arch. On the southern side of the bridge, the eastern wing wall juts sharply to form one edge of the outshot, or loading dock, once associated with Claggett's Mill. A low dry-laid stone wall abuts the northwestern section of the bridge and extends along the roadway as the property boundary for the adjoining lot.

Discuss major alterations:

According to the Washington County Engineer's Office, Claggett's Mill Race Bridge was reconstructed and/or restored in 1979. However, it is unknown to what degree, if any, the bridge was modified from its original condition. At the present time, the bridge exhibits evidence of modern repointing, as well as a concrete cap along the stone parapets.

History:

When Built: *unknown (probably 1841)*

Why Built: *to span mill race*

Who Built: *unknown (probably John Weaver)*

Who Designed: *unknown*

Why Altered: *stabilization of structure*

Was this bridge built as part of an organized bridge building campaign: *no*

Surveyor Analysis:

This bridge may have NR significance for association with:

- ☒ A Events ☐ B Person
☒ C Engineering/Architectural Character

Was the bridge constructed in response to significant events in Maryland or local history?

As with many stone arch bridges in Washington County, Claggett's Mill Race Bridge was erected near a mill site, in this case Claggett's Mill. Also known as Emmert's Mill, it operated during the late 18th and 19th centuries. Milling and agriculture were the primary industries of the county. A large number of mills were built along significant waterways such as Antietam Creek and Conococheague Creek, as well as near smaller tributaries. Many of the region's major roadways led to and serviced these mill sites, which also served as centers for trade and social meetings. Bridges such as Claggett's Mill Race Bridge facilitated travel to and from these mills.

When the bridge was built and/or given a major alteration, did it have a significant impact on the growth and development of the area?

With its key position in proximity to a mill, Claggett's Mill Race Bridge played an important role in stimulating transportation and commerce throughout the area. Its presence helped promote growth and development on both a local and regional level.

Is the bridge located in an area which may be eligible for historic designation and would the bridge add to or detract from the historic and visual character of the possible district?

As described above, Claggett's Mill Race Bridge is situated directly adjacent to "Valentia," the estate of the Claggetts, which is listed on the National Register of Historic Places. Although not specifically inventoried in the National Register documentation (the current boundary of the estate stops at the property line and does not include Poffenberger Road or the bridge), Claggett's Mill Race Bridge is nonetheless an obvious component of this significant complex of structures, and would certainly add to both the historic and visual character of the district. It is recommended that the boundary of "Valentia" be redrawn to include Claggett's Mill Bridge and Claggett's Mill Race Bridge, and that these two structures be listed as contributing elements to the district.

Is the bridge a significant example of its type?

Even though Claggett's Mill Race Bridge has been slightly modified, it nonetheless remains a significant example of the stone arch bridge.

Does the bridge retain integrity of the important elements described in the Context Addendum?

This bridge retains integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling and association. Despite the minimal alterations discussed above, Claggett's Mill Race Bridge still possesses integrity of nearly all of its original components, including the stone arch ring and barrel, spandrel walls, abutments, and wing walls. In general, the bridge is in good to excellent condition.

Is the bridge a significant example of the work of the manufacturer, designer, and/or engineer and why?

Although not positively identified, Claggett's Mill Race Bridge is thought to have been constructed by John Weaver, a prominent stone arch bridge builder who also erected the adjoining Claggett's Mill Bridge. This bridge is one of the few to span a mill race. The design for both bridges echoes the stone work of neighboring "Valentia." For its unique design and manufacture, this bridge is potentially eligible under Criterion C.

Should this bridge be given further study before significance analysis is made and why?

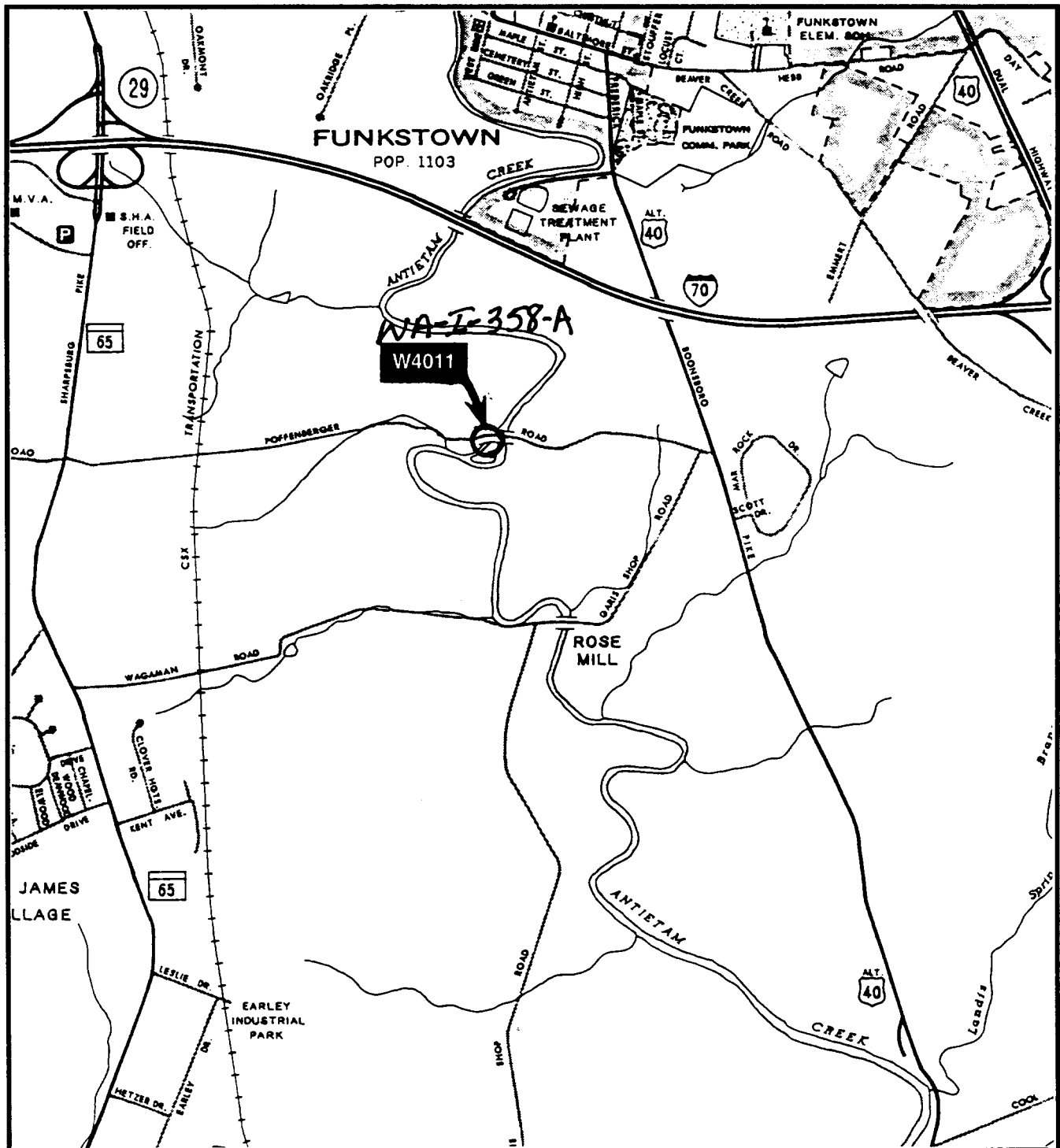
Claggett's Mill Race Bridge has been well documented, both in written and photographic form. In 1975, it was included in a comprehensive survey of Washington County's stone arch bridges that culminated with the preparation of National Register nomination forms for the bridges. These nomination forms have never been submitted to the National Register. It is presently listed in the Maryland Historical Trust's Inventory. No further study is recommended.

Provide black and white prints and negatives and color slides of bridge, details, and setting labeled according to NR Bulletin 16A and Maryland Supplement to Bulletin 16A.

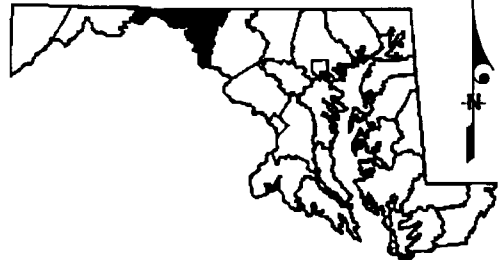
Provide a photocopy USGS map illustrating the location of the bridge.

Surveyor:

Name:	<u>Alice Crampton/Julie Abell</u>	Date:	<u>11/15/94</u>
Organization:	<u>Parsons Engineering Science, Inc.</u>	Telephone:	<u>(703) 591-7575</u>
Address:	<u>10521 Rosehaven Street</u>		
	<u>Fairfax, Virginia 22030-2899</u>		



Washington County - Bridge Number W4011
Poffenberger Road over Antietam Creek
(Claggett's Mill Race Bridge)



Scale 0 1000 2000 feet
0 0.5 kilometer

IV-326

WA-I-231 "Valentia" Complex

Mill Race

Antietam Creek

Poffenberger Road

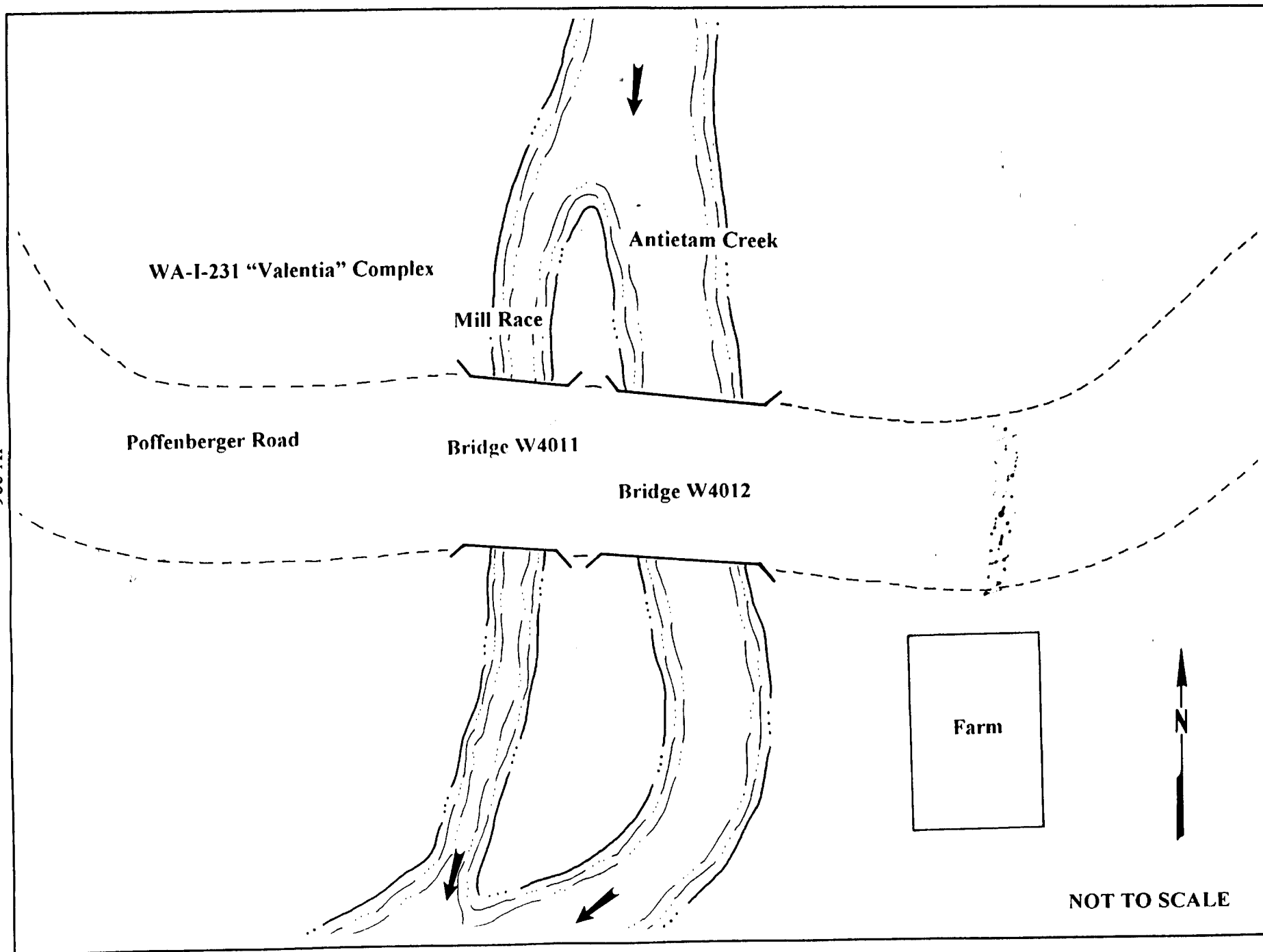
Bridge W4011

Bridge W4012

Farm

NOT TO SCALE

WA-I-358A





WA I-358-A

Claggett's Mill Race Bridge (W4011)

Washington County, Maryland

Julie Abell

11/94

Maryland State Highway Administration

North elevation

1 of 7



WA-I-358-A

Claggett's Mill Race Bridge (W4011)

Washington County, Maryland

Julie Abell

11/94

Maryland State Highway Administration

North elevation

2 of 2



WA 1-355-A

Claggett's Mill Race Bridge (W4011)

Washington County, Maryland

Julie Abell

11/94

Maryland State Highway Administration

South elevation

3 of 4



WA-I-358-A

Claggett's Mill Race Bridge (W4011)

Washington County, Maryland

Julie Abell

11/94

Maryland State Highway Administration

Approach looking east

4 of 7



Wf 1-358-A

Claggett's Mill Race Bridge (W401)

Washington County, Maryland

Julie Abell

11/94

Maryland State Highway
Administration

Approach looking west

5 of 7



WA-I-258-A

Claggett's Mill Race Bridge (W4011)

Washington County, Maryland

Julie Abell

11/94

Maryland State Highway Administration

"Valentia" estate to northwest of bridge

(WA-I 231)

6 of 2



WA-I-358

Claggett's Mill Race Bridge (W4011)

Washington County, Maryland

Julie Abell

11/94

Maryland State Highway Administration

"Valentia" estate to northwest of
bridge (WA-I-231)

7 of 7

Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Number: WA-7-558-B

Name: Poffenberger Rd. over Antietam Crk. (W4012)

The bridge referenced herein was inventoried by the Maryland State Highway Administration as part of the Historic Bridge Inventory, and SHA provided the Trust with eligibility determinations in February 2001. The Trust accepted the Historic Bridge Inventory on April 3, 2001. The bridge received the following determination of eligibility.

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST	
Eligibility Recommended <u> X </u>	Eligibility Not Recommended <u> </u>
Criteria: <u> A </u> <u> B </u> <u> C </u> <u> D </u>	Considerations: <u> A </u> <u> B </u> <u> C </u> <u> D </u> <u> E </u> <u> F </u> <u> G </u> <u>None</u>
Comments: _____	

Reviewer, OPS: <u> Anne E. Bruder </u>	Date: <u> 3 April 2001 </u>
Reviewer, NR Program: <u> Peter E. Kurtze </u>	Date: <u> 3 April 2001 </u>

gmi

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties
Historic Bridge Inventory
Maryland State Highway Administration
Maryland Historical Trust

MHT No. WA-I-358-B

Name and SHA No. Claggett's Mill Bridge (W4012)

Location:

Street/Road Name and Number: Poffenberger Road over Antietam Creek

City/Town: Funkstown ☒ vicinity

County: Washington

Ownership: ☐ State ☒ County ☐ Municipal ☐ Other

This bridge projects over: ☐ Road ☐ Railway ☒ Water ☐ Land

Is the bridge located within a designated district: ☐ yes ☒ no

☐ NR listed district ☐ NR determined eligible district

☐ locally designated ☐ other

Name of District _____

Bridge Type:

☐ Timber Bridge

☐ Beam Bridge ☐ Truss-Covered ☐ Trestle ☐ Timber-and-Concrete

☒ Stone Arch

☐ Metal Truss Bridge

☐ Movable Bridge

☐ Swing ☐ Bascule Single Leaf ☐ Bascule Multiple Leaf

☐ Vertical Lift ☐ Retractable ☐ Pontoon

☐ Metal Girder

☐ Rolled Girder ☐ Rolled Girder Concrete Encased

☐ Plate Girder ☐ Plate Girder Concrete Encased

☐ Metal Suspension

☐ Metal Arch

☐ Metal Cantilever

☐ Concrete

☐ Concrete Arch ☐ Concrete Slab ☐ Concrete Beam ☐ Rigid Frame

☐ Other Type Name _____

Description:**Describe Setting:**

Claggett's Mill Bridge carries Poffenberger Road across Antietam Creek just southwest of Funkstown. Immediately to the west lies Claggett's Mill Race Bridge, spanning the artificially created mill race associated with the former Claggett's Mill, which was once located south of the two bridges on the west bank of the creek (Maryland archaeological site 18-WA-322). Poffenberger Road runs in an east-west direction while Antietam Creek and the mill race flow generally northeast-southwest. The mill race is diverted from the creek just behind the remains of a mill dam located immediately upstream and rejoins the creek several hundred feet south of the bridges. To the north and west of the two bridges lies "Valentia," the estate of the Claggett family, now listed on the National Register of Historic Places. This complex includes a large stone farmhouse, a small stone tenant house, a stone Miller's house, a large stone gabled-roof barn, and a stone spring house (Maryland Historical Trust site WA-I-231).

Describe Superstructure and Substructure:
(Discuss points identified in Context Addendum, Section C)

This three-span stone arch bridge is built of roughly coursed local fieldstone. It measures 173 feet in total length. The roadway is 16 feet, 5 inches wide, and carries a single lane of traffic. The arches are dressed with carefully cut voussoirs, with no apparent keystone. The bridge features a symmetrical design with the largest arch located in the center. The center arch is 38 feet in width and the flanking arches are each 34 feet in width. These arches are supported by piers that exhibit a rounded shape on the northern, or upstream, elevation and a flattened pyramidal shape on the southern, or downstream side. The wing walls are generally straight, except at the southwestern end of the bridge, where the wall makes a sharp angle to form one side of the outshot, or loading dock once associated with Claggett's Mill.

Discuss major alterations:

According to the Washington County Engineer's Office, Claggett's Mill Bridge was reconstructed and/or restored in 1979. However, it is unknown to what degree, if any, the bridge was modified from its original condition. At the present time, the bridge exhibits evidence of modern repointing, as well as a concrete cap along the stone parapets.

History:

When Built: 1840

Why Built: unknown

Who Built: John Weaver

Who Designed: unknown

Why Altered: stabilization of structure

Was this bridge built as part of an organized bridge building campaign: no

Surveyor Analysis:

This bridge may have NR significance for association with:

☒ A Events ☐ B Person

☒ C Engineering/Architectural Character

Was the bridge constructed in response to significant events in Maryland or local history?

As with many stone arch bridges in Washington County, Claggett's Mill Bridge was erected near a mill site, in this case Claggett's Mill, also known as Emmert's Mill, which operated during the late 18th and 19th centuries. Milling and agriculture were the primary industries of the county. A large number of mills were built along significant waterways such as Antietam Creek and Conococheague Creek, as well as near smaller tributaries. Many of the region's major roadways led to and serviced these mill sites, which also served as centers for trade and social meetings. Bridges such as Claggett's Mill Bridge facilitated travel to and from these mills.

When the bridge was built and/or given a major alteration, did it have a significant impact on the growth and development of the area?

With its key position in proximity to a mill, Claggett's Mill Bridge played an important role in stimulating transportation and commerce throughout the area. Its presence helped promote growth and development on both a local and regional level.

Is the bridge located in an area which may be eligible for historic designation and would the bridge add to or detract from the historic and visual character of the possible district?

As described above, Claggett's Mill Bridge is situated directly adjacent to "Valentia," the estate of the Claggetts, which is listed on the National Register of Historic Places. Although not specifically inventoried in the National Register documentation (the current boundary of the estate stops at the property line and does not include Poffenberger Road or the bridge), Claggett's Mill Bridge is nonetheless an obvious component of this significant complex of structures, and would certainly add to both the historic and visual character of the district. It is recommended that the boundary of "Valentia" be redrawn to include Claggett's Mill Bridge and Claggett's Mill Race Bridge, and that these two structures be listed as contributing elements to the district.

Is the bridge a significant example of its type?

Even though Claggett's Mill Bridge has been slightly modified, it nonetheless remains a significant example of the stone arch bridge.

Does the bridge retain integrity of the important elements described in the Context Addendum?

This bridge retains integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling and association. Despite the minimal alterations discussed above, Claggett's Mill Bridge still possesses integrity of nearly all of its original components, including the stone arch rings and barrels, spandrel walls, abutments, wing walls, and piers. In general the bridge is in good to excellent condition.

Is the bridge a significant example of the work of the manufacturer, designer, and/or engineer and why?

Claggett's Mill Bridge is the seventh bridge built by John Weaver in Washington County. It is unusual in that it features an extension emanating from its west abutment, apparently for use as a loading dock for wagons. Additionally, the design for this bridge echoes the stone work of neighboring "Valentia." For these characteristics, the bridge is potentially eligible under Criterion C.

Should this bridge be given further study before significance analysis is made and why?

Claggett's Mill Bridge has been well documented in both written and photographic form. In 1975, it was included in a comprehensive survey of Washington County's stone arch bridges that culminated with the preparation of National Register nomination forms for the bridges. These nomination forms have never been submitted to the National Register. It is presently listed in the Maryland Historical Trust's Inventory. No further study is recommended.

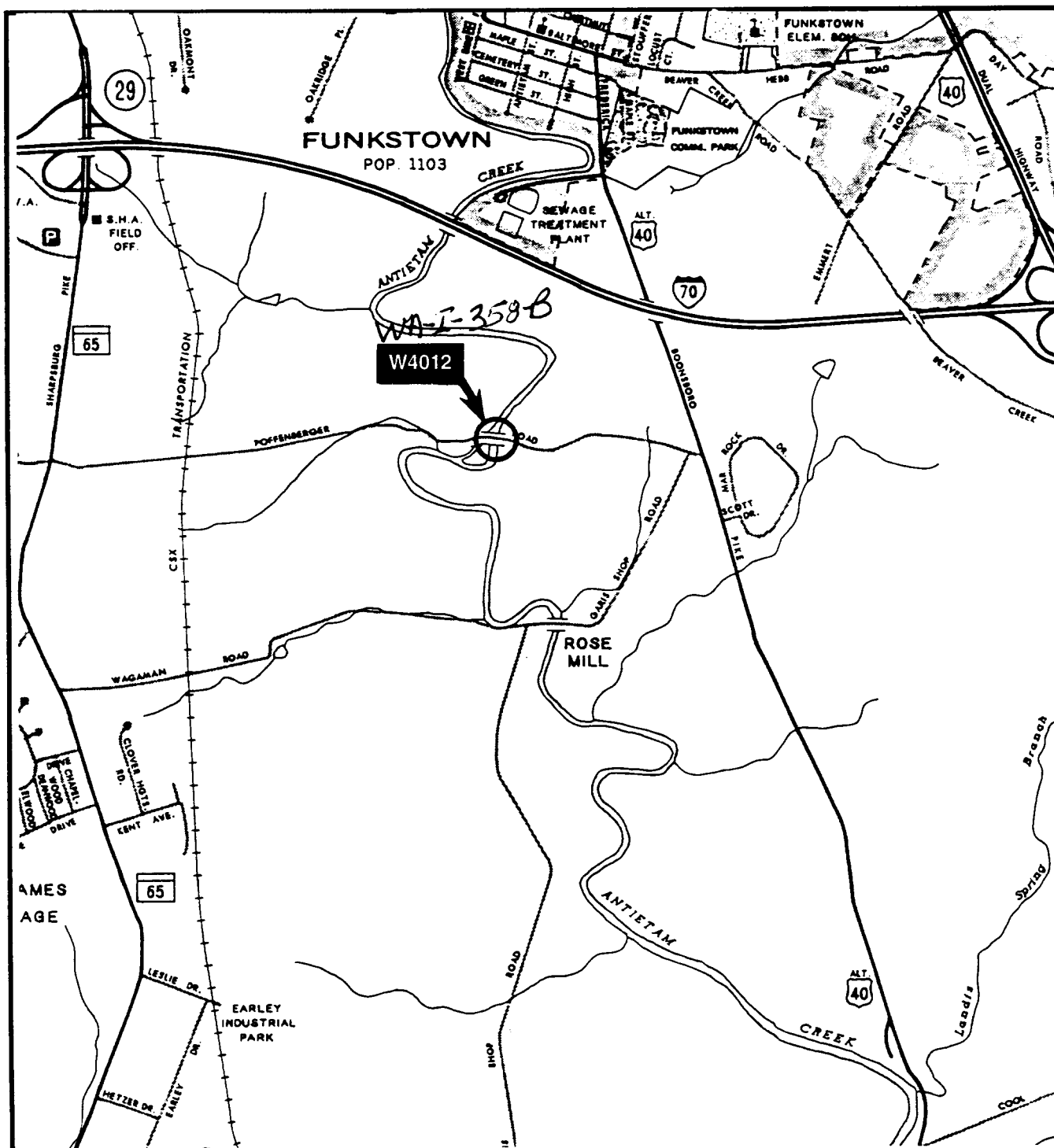
Provide black and white prints and negatives and color slides of bridge, details, and setting labeled according to NR Bulletin 16A and Maryland Supplement to Bulletin 16A.

Provide a photocopy USGS map illustrating the location of the bridge.

Surveyor:

Name: Alice Crampton/Julie Abell
Organization: Parsons Engineering Science, Inc.
Address: 10521 Rosehaven Street
Fairfax, Virginia 22030-2899

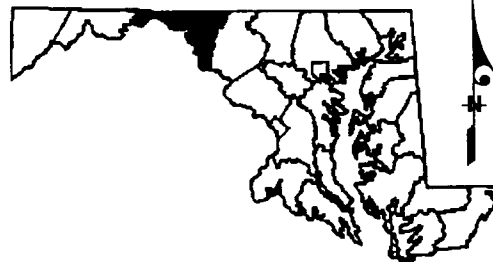
Date: 11/15/94
Telephone: (703) 591-7575



Washington County - Bridge Number W4012

Poffenberger Road over Antietam Creek
(Claggett's Mill Bridge)

Scale 0 1000 2000 feet
0 0.5 kilometer



IV-336

WA-I-231 "Valentia" Complex

Mill Race

Antietam Creek

Poffenberger Road

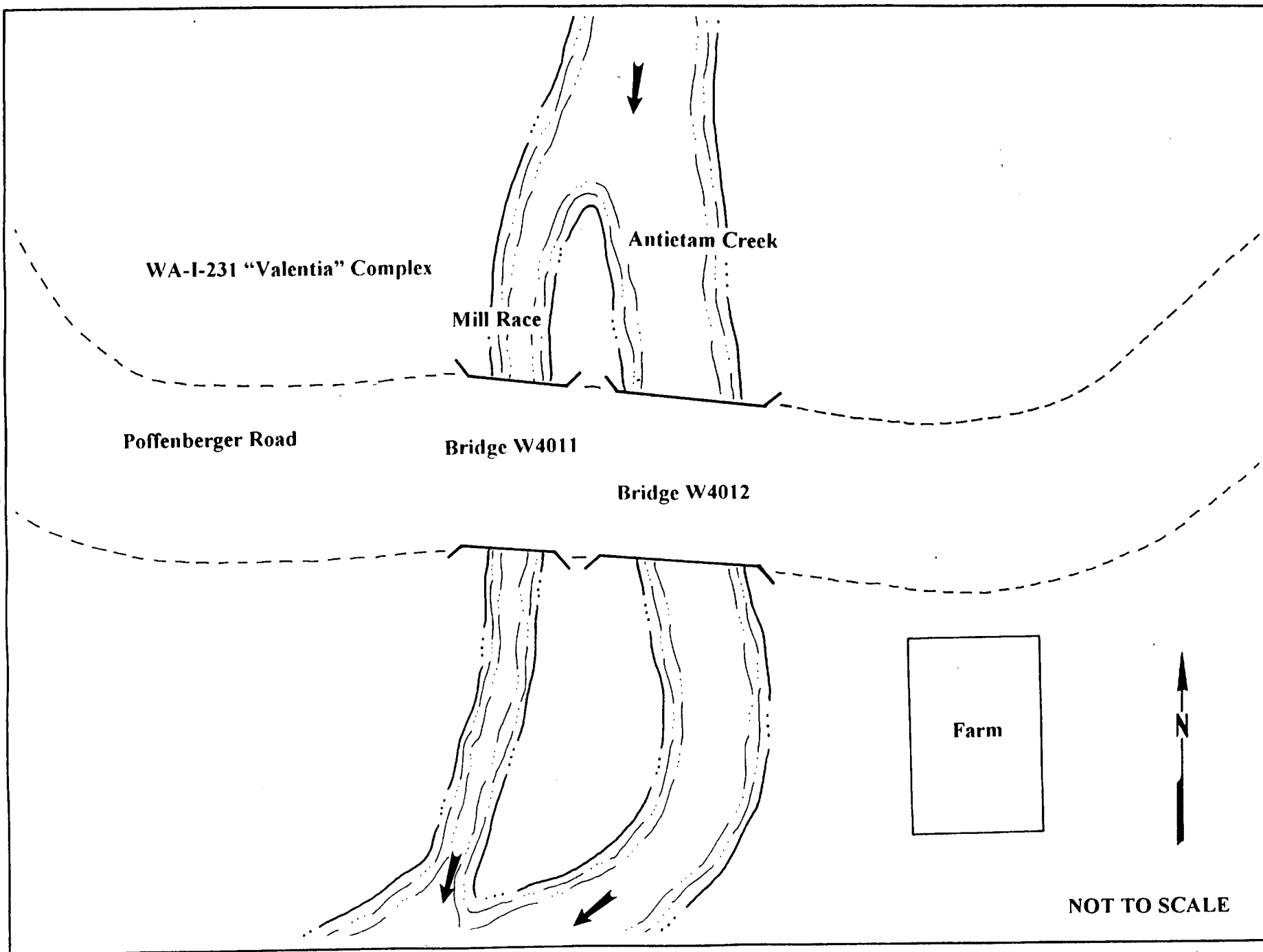
Bridge W4011

Bridge W4012

Farm

NOT TO SCALE

WA-I-358B





NA I 358-B

Claggett's Mill Bridge (W4012)

Washington County, Maryland

Julie Abell

11/94

Maryland State Highway Administration

North elevation

1 of 4



WA-I-358-B

Claggett's Mill Bridge (W4012)
Washington County, Maryland
Julie Abell

11/94

Maryland State Highway Administration

South elevation

2 of 4



WA-I-358-B

Claggett's Mill Bridge (W4012)

Washington County, Maryland

Julie Abell

11/94

Maryland State Highway

Administration

Approach looking west

3 of 4



WA.I-358-B

Chaset's Mill Bridge (W4012)

Washington County, Maryland

Julie Abell

11/94

Maryland State Highway
Administration

Approach looking east

11 of 4

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

WA-I-358A
WA-I-358B

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

FOR NPS USE ONLY

RECEIVED

DATE ENTERED

SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN *HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS*
TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS

1 NAME

HISTORIC

Claggett's Mill Bridge and Claggett's Mill Race Bridge

AND/OR COMMON

Emmert's Mill Bridges

2 LOCATION

STREET & NUMBER

Antietam Creek and Poffenberger Road

CITY, TOWN

Funkstown vicinity

VICINITY OF

STATE

Maryland

CODE

NOT FOR PUBLICATION

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT

COUNTY

CODE

Washington

3 CLASSIFICATION**CATEGORY**☐ DISTRICT☐ BUILDING(S)☒ STRUCTURE☐ SITE☐ OBJECT**OWNERSHIP**☒ PUBLIC☐ PRIVATE☐ BOTH**PUBLIC ACQUISITION**☐ IN PROCESS☐ BEING CONSIDERED**STATUS**☐ OCCUPIED☐ UNOCCUPIED☐ WORK IN PROGRESS**ACCESSIBLE**☐ YES: RESTRICTED☒ YES: UNRESTRICTED☐ NO**PRESENT USE**☐ AGRICULTURE☐ COMMERCIAL☐ EDUCATIONAL☐ ENTERTAINMENT☐ GOVERNMENT☐ INDUSTRIAL☐ MILITARY☐ MUSEUM☐ PARK☐ PRIVATE RESIDENCE☐ RELIGIOUS☐ SCIENTIFIC☒ TRANSPORTATION☐ OTHER**4 OWNER OF PROPERTY**

NAME

Board of County Commissioners of Washington County

STREET & NUMBER

Washington County Court House

CITY, TOWN

Hagerstown

VICINITY OF

STATE

Maryland

5 LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTIONCOURTHOUSE,
REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC.

STREET & NUMBER

CITY, TOWN

STATE

6 REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

TITLE

DATE

☐ FEDERAL ☐ STATE ☐ COUNTY ☐ LOCALDEPOSITORY FOR
SURVEY RECORDS

CITY, TOWN

STATE

7 DESCRIPTION**CONDITION**

☐ EXCELLENT
☒ GOOD
☐ FAIR

☐ DETERIORATED
☐ RUINS
☐ UNEXPOSED

CHECK ONE

☒ UNALTERED
☐ ALTERED

CHECK ONE

☒ ORIGINAL SITE
☐ MOVED DATE _____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Claggett's Mill Bridge and the adjacent mill race bridge carry Poffenberger Road across the Antietam Creek and the mill race at the site of Claggett's Mill a short distance southwest of Funkstown in Washington County, Maryland.

Claggett's Mill Bridge is a three-arched span constructed of roughly coursed local fieldstone. Its segmental arches are lined with uniformly cut radiating voussoirs and rest on piers which terminate with rounded projections at the upstream face and with flattened pyramidal projections at its downstream elevation. The openings appear to be symmetrically arranged, the largest arch being at the center of the bridge. An unusual feature of Claggett's Mill Bridge is an extension or projection from its west abutment. This outshot is said to have been used as a loading dock for wagons which could be parked directly beneath the mill doors. A similar outshot is to be found on nearby Rose's Mill Bridge. The bridge shows evidence of modern repointing. The original coping has been replaced with a concrete ledge. Immediately north or upstream from the bridge is the remains of the mill dam, portions of which appear to be in rather good condition. According to historians, Claggett's Mill Bridge was built by John Weaver in 1840 at the cost of \$2,800.00.

Just behind the dam, water from the Antietam is diverted westward into the mill race which parallels the creek and rejoins it several hundred feet south of the bridges. The mill race is spanned by a single arched bridge of roughly coursed fieldstone. Its segmental opening is lined with dressed voussoirs. The bridge walls rise to a sharp peak directly over the arch. A large portion of the concrete coping on the walls has fallen away. Apparently no records have been located giving the age or the builder of the mill race bridge. Historians believe, however, that the bridge was built in 1841 by John Weaver under private contract with the Claggett's who owned and operated the mill.

The Claggett's Mill was located immediately south of the mill race bridge. Although no evidence of the building can be seen today, it is described as having been a large structure, three stories high with a hipped roof. It was considered as having been in a "good state of preservation" by Helen Ashe Hays, writing in 1910.¹ Other buildings associated with Claggett's Mill have been included on the National Register of Historic Places.

Both bridges appear to be in good condition and are open to daily traffic.

¹Helen Ashe Hays, The Antietam and Its Bridges, New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons (1910), p. 53.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

WA-I-358A
WA-I-358B

PERIOD		AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW			
<input type="checkbox"/> PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNITY PLANNING	<input type="checkbox"/> LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> RELIGION	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1400-1499	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> CONSERVATION	<input type="checkbox"/> LAW	<input type="checkbox"/> SCIENCE	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1500-1599	<input type="checkbox"/> AGRICULTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> ECONOMICS	<input type="checkbox"/> LITERATURE	<input type="checkbox"/> SCULPTURE	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ARCHITECTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> EDUCATION	<input type="checkbox"/> MILITARY	<input type="checkbox"/> SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> ART	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ENGINEERING	<input type="checkbox"/> MUSIC	<input type="checkbox"/> THEATER	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> COMMERCE	<input type="checkbox"/> EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> PHILOSOPHY	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TRANSPORTATION	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1900-	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNICATIONS	<input type="checkbox"/> INDUSTRY	<input type="checkbox"/> POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER (SPECIFY)	
		<input type="checkbox"/> INVENTION			

SPECIFIC DATES 1840, 1841 BUILDER/ARCHITECT John Weaver

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Claggett's Mill Bridge and Claggett's Mill Race Bridge are significant for their architecture, for their contribution to commerce and transportation in Washington County and as examples of the engineering skills of the 19th century bridge builders of the Cumberland Valley.

Architecturally, both bridges are examples of nearly thirty stone arched bridges and culverts in Washington County. These structures, many of which were built between 1820 and 1850, appear to be part of a major trend in building with stone in the Cumberland Valley during the first half of the 19th century. The earliest known stone bridge in the county was built in 1819 and carried the National Pike across the Conococheague Creek. It is said by historians that stone bridges because of their greater durability were used for the National Pike at the insistence of the Maryland legislature.

These bridges are also significant for their contribution to commerce and transportation in Washington County. Both structures were closely associated with an established milling business. Claggett's Mill was in operation during the late 18th century and was representative of a major early industry in the area. Mills were not only important trade centers but also became meeting places for nearby residents. Although the Claggett's Mill Bridge was constructed in 1840, well after the mill was established, it facilitated transportation to and from the mill, thus contributing to the growth of commerce in the county. The presence of the outshot built into the bridge abutment for the purpose of providing an easier means of loading and unloading wagons is a specific asset to trade. The small mill race bridge, apparently built a year after the main bridge is a further convenience to transportation in the area.

The bridges are important as representing the engineering skills of their builder. Both structures were reportedly erected by John Weaver whose name is associated with several Washington County bridges. Open to daily traffic, these structures remain as monuments to the engineering capabilities of the 19th century builders. In addition to John Weaver, other bridge builders in Washington County included George Weaver, Charles Wilson, Silas Harry and the Lloyds, a Pennsylvania firm.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

WA I 358 A
WA-I 358 B

Hays, Helen Ashe, The Antietam and Its Bridges, New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons, 1910.
Washington County Museum of Fine Arts, exhibition catalog, "Bridges: Our Legacy
in Stone," Hagerstown, Md.: August-September, 1965.

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY _____

UTM REFERENCES

A	ZONE	EASTING	NORTHING	B	ZONE	EASTING	NORTHING
C	ZONE	EASTING	NORTHING	D	ZONE	EASTING	NORTHING

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

THE PART OF THE BOUNDARY OF THE PROPERTY

IS LOCATED IN THE

SECTION

OF THE

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE

11 FORM PREPARED BY

NAME / TITLE

Paula Stoner Dickey, Consultant

May, 1975

ORGANIZATION

DATE

Washington County Historical Sites Survey

STREET & NUMBER

TELEPHONE

Court House Annex

(301) 731-0110 Ext. 237

CITY OR TOWN

STATE

Hagerstown

Maryland

12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION

THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:

NATIONAL _____

STATE _____

LOCAL _____

As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.

FEDERAL REPRESENTATIVE SIGNATURE

TITLE

DATE

FOR NPS USE ONLY

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER

DATE

DIRECTOR, OFFICE OF ARCHEOLOGY AND HISTORIC PRESERVATION

ATTEST:

DATE

KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
PROPERTY PHOTOGRAPH FORM**

WH I 358A
WH I 358B

FOR NPS USE ONLY

RECEIVED

DATE ENTERED

SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN *HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS*
TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- ENCLOSE WITH PHOTOGRAPH

1 NAME

HISTORIC

Claggett's Mill Bridge and Claggett's Mill Race Bridge

AND/OR COMMON

Emmert's Mill Bridges

2 LOCATION

CITY, TOWN

Funkstown vicinity

____ VICINITY OF

COUNTY

Washington

STATE

Maryland

3 PHOTO REFERENCE

PHOTO CREDIT Paula Stoner Dickey

DATE OF PHOTO March, 1975

NEGATIVE FILED AT Maryland Historical Trust, 21 State Circle, Annapolis, Md. 21401

4 IDENTIFICATION

DESCRIBE VIEW, DIRECTION, ETC. IF DISTRICT, GIVE BUILDING NAME & STREET

PHOTO NO.

Southwest elevation.

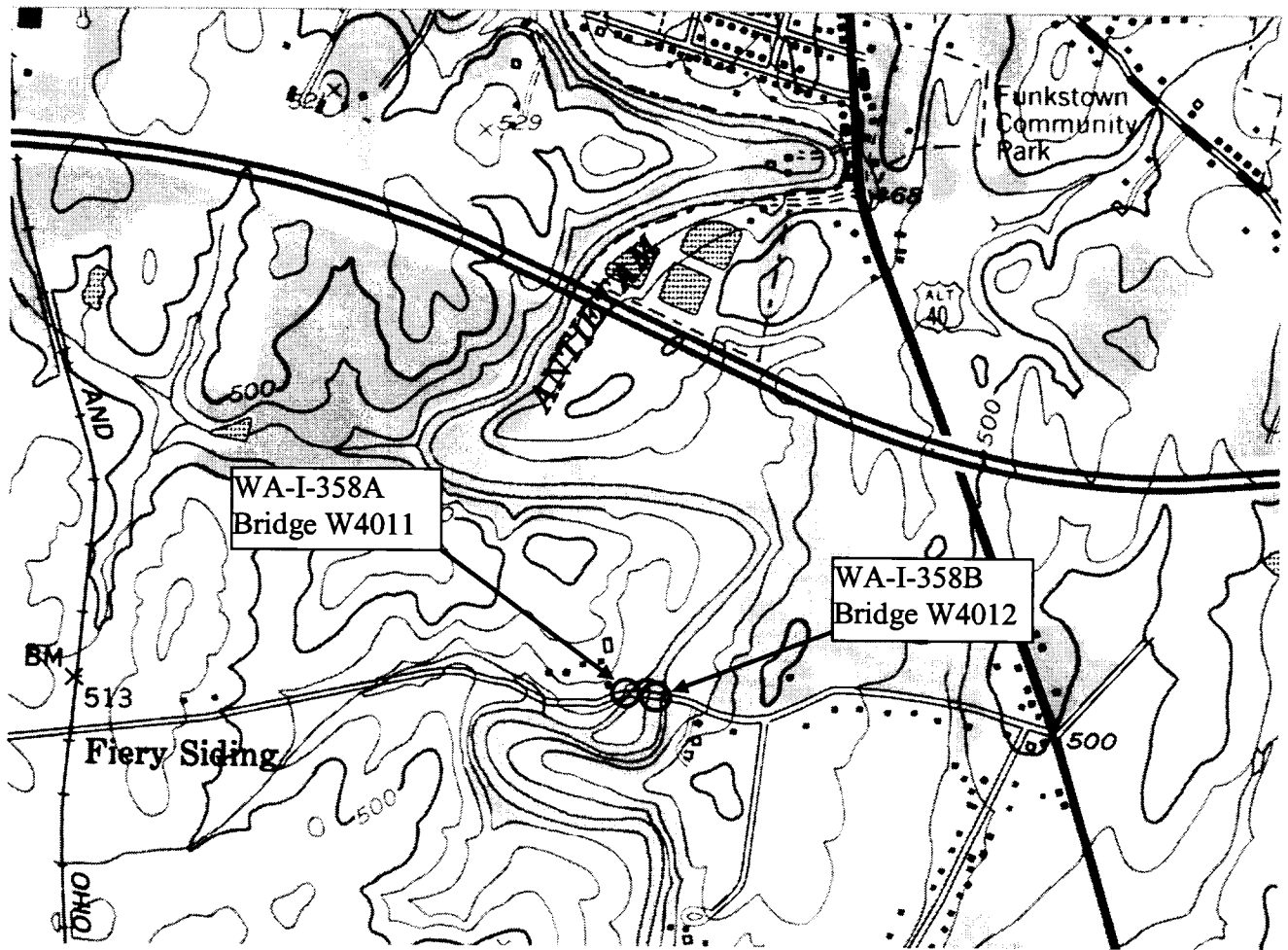
(Claggett's Mill Bridge and Claggett's Mill Race Bridge)

WA-I-358A Bridge W4011

WA-I-358B Bridge W4012

Funkstown Quad

Washington County



MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST WORKSHEET

MAGI # 2206853417

NOMINATION FORM
for the
NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES, NATIONAL PARKS SERVICE

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

1. NAME				
COMMON: Claggett's Mill Bridge and Claggett's Mill Race Bridge				
AND/OR HISTORIC: Emmert's Mill Bridges				
2. LOCATION				
STREET AND NUMBER: Antietam Creek and Poffenberger Road				
CITY OR TOWN: Funkstown vicinity				
STATE Maryland		COUNTY: Washington		
3. CLASSIFICATION				
CATEGORY (Check One)		OWNERSHIP		STATUS
<input type="checkbox"/> District <input type="checkbox"/> Building <input type="checkbox"/> Site <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Structure <input type="checkbox"/> Object		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Public <input type="checkbox"/> Private <input type="checkbox"/> Both		<input type="checkbox"/> Occupied <input type="checkbox"/> Unoccupied <input type="checkbox"/> Preservation work in progress
		Public Acquisition: <input type="checkbox"/> In Process <input type="checkbox"/> Being Considered		ACCESSIBLE TO THE PUBLIC Yes: <input type="checkbox"/> Restricted <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Unrestricted <input type="checkbox"/> No
PRESENT USE (Check One or More as Appropriate)				
<input type="checkbox"/> Agricultural <input type="checkbox"/> Government <input type="checkbox"/> Park <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Transportation <input type="checkbox"/> Comments <input type="checkbox"/> Commercial <input type="checkbox"/> Industrial <input type="checkbox"/> Private Residence <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Educational <input type="checkbox"/> Military <input type="checkbox"/> Religious _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Entertainment <input type="checkbox"/> Museum <input type="checkbox"/> Scientific _____				
4. OWNER OF PROPERTY				
OWNER'S NAME: Board of County Commissioners of Washington County				
STREET AND NUMBER: Washington County Court House				
CITY OR TOWN: Hagerstown		STATE: Maryland		
5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION				
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC:				
STREET AND NUMBER:				
CITY OR TOWN:		STATE:		
Title Reference of Current Deed (Book & Pg. #):				
6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS				
TITLE OF SURVEY:				
DATE OF SURVEY: <input type="checkbox"/> Federal <input type="checkbox"/> State <input type="checkbox"/> County <input type="checkbox"/> Local				
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS:				
STREET AND NUMBER:				
CITY OR TOWN:		STATE:		

7. DESCRIPTION

CONDITION	(Check One)					
	<input type="checkbox"/> Excellent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Deteriorated	<input type="checkbox"/> Ruins	<input type="checkbox"/> Unexposed
	(Check One)			(Check One)		
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Altered < 50% <input type="checkbox"/> Uncolored			<input type="checkbox"/> Moved <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Original Site		

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (if known) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Claggett's Mill Bridge and the adjacent mill race bridge carry Poffenberger Road across the Antietam Creek and the mill race, at the site of Claggett's Mill a short distance southwest of Funkstown in Washington County, Md.

Claggett's Mill Bridge is a three-arched span constructed of roughly coursed local fieldstone. Its segmental arches are lined with uniformly cut radiating voussoirs and rest on piers which terminate with rounded projections at the upstream face and with flattened pyramidal projections at its downstream elevation. The openings appear to be symmetrically arranged, the largest arch being at the center of the bridge. An unusual feature of Claggett's Mill Bridge is an extension or projection from its west abutment. This outshot is said to have been used as a loading dock for wagons which could be parked directly beneath the mill doors. A similar outshot is to be found on nearby Rose's Mill Bridge (WA-I-347). The bridge shows evidence of modern repointing. The original coping has been replaced with a concrete ledge. Immediately north or upstream from the bridge is the remains of the mill dam, portions of which appear to be in rather good condition. According to historians, Claggett's Mill Bridge was built by John Weaver in 1840 at the cost of \$2800.00

Just behind the dam, water from the Antietam is diverted westward into the mill race which parallels the creek and rejoins it several hundred feet south of the bridges. The mill race is spanned by a single arched bridge of roughly coursed fieldstone. Its segmental opening is lined with dressed voussoirs. The bridge walls rise to a sharp peak directly over the arch. A large portion of the concrete coping on the walls has fallen away. Apparently no records have been located giving the age or the builder of the mill race bridge. Historians, believe, however, that the bridge was built in 1841 by John Weaver under private contract with the Claggett's who owned and operated the mill.

The Claggett's Mill was located immediately south of the mill race bridge. Although no evidence of the building can be seen today, it is described as having been a large structure, three stories high with a hipped roof. It was considered as having been in a "good state of preservation" by Helen Ashe Hays, writing in 1910.¹ Other buildings associated with Claggett's Mill have been included on the National Register of Historic Places (see WA-I-231).

Both bridges appear to be in good condition and are open to daily traffic.

¹Helen Ashe Hays, The Antietam and Its Bridges, New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons (1910), p. 53.

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

B. SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD (Check One or More as Appropriate)

- ☐ Pre-Columbian ☐ 16th Century ☐ 18th Century ☐ 20th Century
☐ 15th Century ☐ 17th Century ☒ 19th Century

SPECIFIC DATE(S) (If Applicable and Known) 1840, 1841

AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Check One or More as Appropriate)

- | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Aboriginal | <input type="checkbox"/> Education | <input type="checkbox"/> Political | <input type="checkbox"/> Urban Planning |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric | <input type="checkbox"/> Engineering | <input type="checkbox"/> Religion/Philosophy | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Historic | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Industry | <input type="checkbox"/> Science | _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Agriculture | <input type="checkbox"/> Invention | <input type="checkbox"/> Sculpture | _____ |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Architecture | <input type="checkbox"/> Landscape Architecture | <input type="checkbox"/> Social/Humanitarian | _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Art | <input type="checkbox"/> Literature | <input type="checkbox"/> Theater | _____ |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Commerce | <input type="checkbox"/> Military | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Transportation | _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Communications | <input type="checkbox"/> Music | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Conservation | | | |

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Claggett's Mill Bridge and Claggett's Mill Race Bridge are significant for their architecture, for their contribution to commerce and transportation in Washington County and as examples of the engineering skills of the 19th century bridge builders of the Cumberland Valley.

Architecturally, both bridges are examples of nearly thirty stone arched bridges and culverts in Washington County. These structures many of which were built between 1820 and 1850 appear to be part of a major trend in building with stone in the Cumberland Valley during the first half of the 19th century. The earliest known stone bridge in the county was built in 1819 and carried the National Pike across the Conococheague creek. It is said by historians that stone bridges because of their greater durability were used for the National Pike at the insistence of the Maryland legislature.

These bridges are also significant for their contribution to commerce and transportation in Washington County. Both structures were closely associated with an established milling business. Claggett's Mill was in operation during the late 18th century and was representative of a major early industry in the area. Mills were not only important trade centers but also became meeting places for nearby residents. Although the Claggett's Mill Bridge was constructed in 1840, well after the mill was established, it facilitated transportation to and from the mill, thus contributing to the growth of commerce in the county. The presence of the out-shot built into the bridge abutment for the purpose of providing an easier means of loading and unloading wagons is a specific asset to trade. The small mill race bridge, apparently built a year after the main bridge is a further convenience to transportation in the area.

The bridges are important as representing the engineering skills of their builder. Both structures were reportedly erected by John Weaver whose name is associated with several Washington County bridges. Open to daily traffic, these structures remain as monuments to the engineering capabilities of the 19th century builders. In addition to John Weaver, other bridge builders in Washington County included George Weaver, Charles Wilson, Silas Harry and the Lloyds, a Pennsylvania firm.

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Hays, Helen Ashe, The Antietam and Its Bridges, New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons, 1910.

Washington County Museum of Fine Arts, exhibition catalog, "Bridges: Our Legacy in Stone," Hagerstown, Md., August-September, 1965.

10. GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES DEFINING A RECTANGLE LOCATING THE PROPERTY				O R	LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES DEFINING THE CENTER POINT OF A PROPERTY OF LESS THAN TEN ACRES				
CORNER	LATITUDE				LONGITUDE				
	Degrees	Minutes	Seconds	Degrees	Minutes	Seconds	Degrees	Minutes	Seconds
NW	°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"
NE	°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"
SE	°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"
SW	°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"

APPROXIMATE ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY:

Acreage Justification:

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

11. FORM PREPARED BY

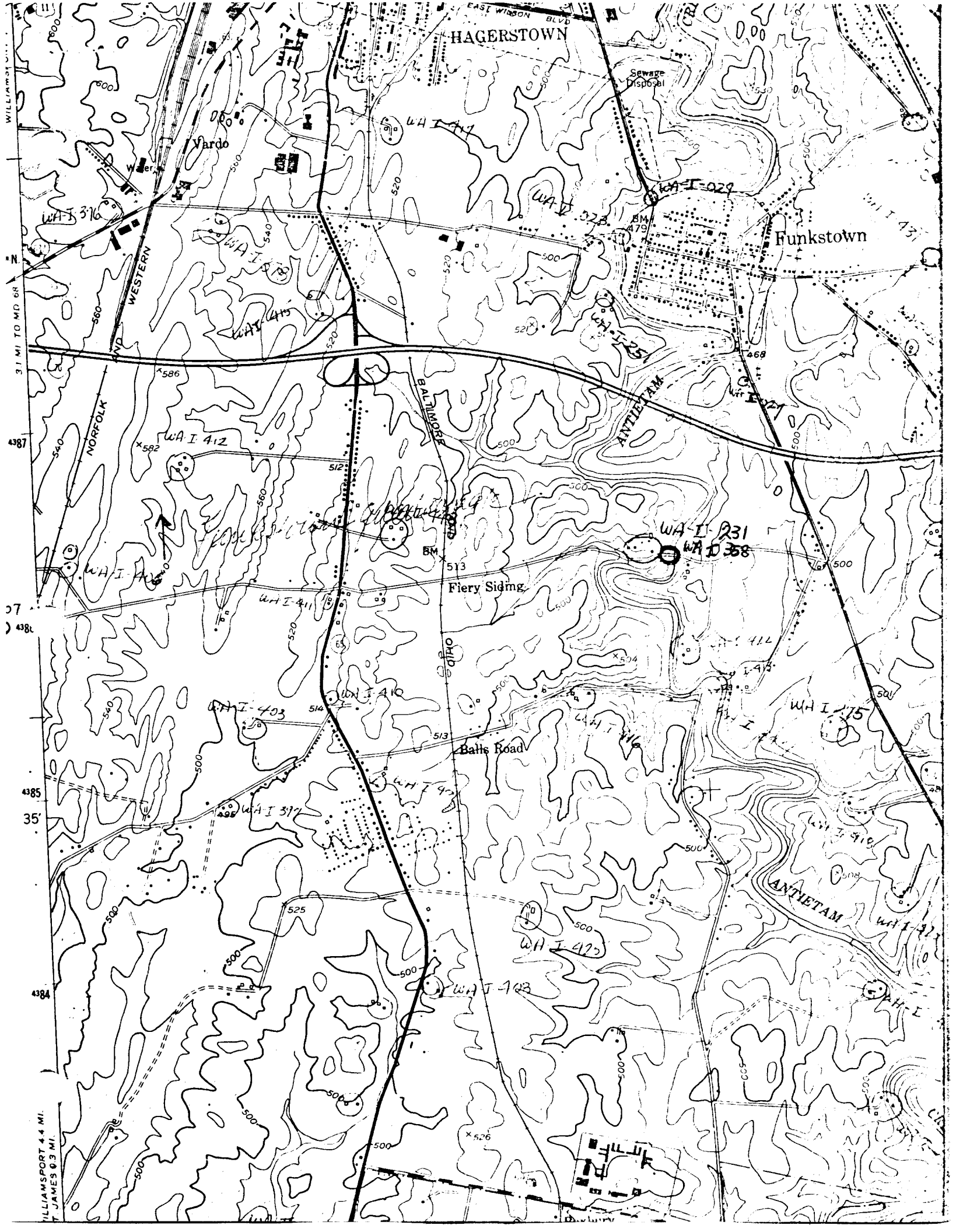
NAME AND TITLE: Paula Stoner Dickey, Consultant		DATE May, 1975
ORGANIZATION Washington County Historical Sites Survey		
STREET AND NUMBER: Court House Annex		
CITY OR TOWN: Hagerstown	STATE Maryland	

12. State Liaison Officer Review: (Office Use Only)

Significance of this property is:

National ☐ State ☐ Local ☐

Signature _____





104-5111
104-5111
104-5111

PAULA STONER DICKEY
CONSULTANT, WASHINGTON CO.
HISTORICAL SITES SURVEY



11. 11. 1945
J. W.
J. W. 1945

PAULA STONER DICKEY
SPOKANE, WASHINGTON CO.
HISTORICAL SITES SURVEY



1000 1000

S 61

1000 1000

CONSULTANTS
HISTORICAL SITES SURVEY



64475
1/2
3/4

PAULA STONER DICKEY
CONSULTANT, WASHINGTON CO.
HISTORICAL SITES SURVEY



CONSULTANT, ARCHITECTURE AND
HISTORICAL SITES SURVEY



WA-I-398

CHAGGETT'S MILL RACE BRIDGE

John Huedale, 1979



End Here

Scan One Time Only
And
Copy for Multiple Numbers

WA-I-358A

AND

WA-I-358B